SELF-EXAMINATION,

Extracted out of the Writings of an Eminent Divine, very necessary for Christians at all Times, Especially at their Preparation to Recieve the

Sacrament of the LORD's SUPPER;

that so they may become Worthy Receivers thereof.

Mecessary to be set up in all Wen's Poules to, the Spiritual Benefit of their Families.

Sing against the I. Commandment.

Theism; which is, when men either think there is no God, or live as if there were no God.

2 Idolatry; which is the having of a false God. 3 Ignorance, uncapableness of Knowledge, Errors

4 Forgetfulness of good things, especially those that most concern us, and chiefly at that instant when we should make use of them: Secondly, remembring of evil things, especially of those that may most corrupt us; and chiefly then, when we should be most free from the thought of them.

5 Unwillingness unto good things, principally to the beft; readiness unto, and wilfulness in evil. especially the worlt: Secondly, impatience under crosses.

6 Distrust of Gods power, mercy, &c. promises, and providence; whence carnal tears are wrought and

cherished, and the true fear of God is expeld and bunished.

7 Prefumption upon Gods mercy.
8 Carnal confidence in Wit, Learning Wealth, Strength, Friends, &c. Thinking our felves the better, or fater, fimply for them; whence ariseth pride and

9 Much love of evil; as also of our felves our Friends, our pleasure, profit, credit, &c. Secondly, little love of God and of goodness, and of Gods Servants and

to Hatred of God and goodness: Secondly, want of hatred against our own and others Sins.

11 Abundance of worldly forrow, shame and discontentment: Secondly, want of spiritual grief and indig-nation against our own and others transgressions: Thirdly, not lamenting for the calamities of Gods People, private or publick

12 Immoderate curval mirth: to little spiritual joy.

Sing against the II. Commandment.

Afe and unwarranted conceats of God, as by when we frame any Image of him in our minds

2 Worshiping of Images
3 Adoration of Angels or Sain's observing Holy-dayes indevotion to them, swearing by them, &c.
4 Approbation of Idolatry, by presence, speech, gesture, filence, keeping of superstations Relikes and Monuments, keeping of majory with Idolaters &c.
5 Neglect of any of Gods Ordinances as of Preaching Rending Medication Conference, the use

ing, Hearing Reading Meditation. Conference, the use of good Books, and of good Company, of private and publick Prayer, Fafting, making of Vows, &c.

6 Superfficious Fatting rath Vows, Breach of lawful Vows, abuse of Lots, &c. 7 Want of forrow, for being born of Idolatrous Forefathers

Sins against the III. Commandment.

Rofeffion, joined with prophaness, whereby

Gods Name is diffuonoured.

Abusing of Gods Word: First, by fruitless speaking of it: Secondly, framing jests out of it, or against it: Thirdly, maintaining of Sin by it: Fourthly,

applying it to charming &c.

3 Abaing the Names or Titles of God: First, by admiration as by faying in our common talk, O Lord, O Jests, &c. Secondly by curling, &c.

Searing vainly, outragiously, falfly, &c.

5 Blaspheming. 6 T. king a lawful Oath, without due reverence and

confideration. 7 Praying without faith, feeling reverence, fervennot waiting for an answer &c Asking evil things: Airoing more in our requests at the relieving of our necessary, than at the advancement of Gods glory

of Pfalms, and receiving the Sacrament, without preparation, attention, reverence, delight, and profit.

9 Light passing over of Gods great works of Creation, Preservation, Redemption, as also of other his mercies, and Judgments.

10 Abuse of our Christian liberty, to the hardening,

enfnaring, perverting, or just grieving of any.

Sing against the IV. Commandment.

TEglect of preparation for the Sabbath, before it come, and of fitting our Hearts for Holy fervices, when it is come. 2 Prophane absence from, or unfruitful presence

at Gods Ordinance. 3 Excellive eating and drinking, which caufeth

drowfiness, and untitness for Gods worship. 4 Doing any ordinary work of our Calling. 5 All Recreations, which diffract.

Vain and worldly speeches and thoughts. A fecret defire that the Sabbath were over.

8 Neglect of calling our felves, or others, to a Reckoning after Holy Exercises.

9 Giving liberty to our felves in the night before the whole Sabbath be ended.

Sins against the V. Commandment.

Sins of Inferiors, as to Superiors.

Ant of reverence, inward or outward. Neglect of Prayer. And of humble fubmission.

Sing of Superiors. Failing in Prayer. And in giving good example.

Sins of Children as to Bar ents.

2 Murmuring at their Parents corrections, though

3 Contemning of them, for any defect of body and

4 Unthankfulne's in not relieving them, not standing for their deserved credit, &c.

Sing of Parents.

I Negligence, in not instructing their Children

2 Not correcting them till it be too late; or doing it with bitterness, without compassion, instruction, and Prayer.

3 Giving them ill example.
4 Neglect of bringing them up in forme lawful Cal-5 Not bestowing them timely and religiously in

6 Light behavior before them, and too much familiaritie with them, whereby they become vile in their

7 Loving Beauty, or any outward parts, more than Gods Image in them.

8 A Sin peculiar to the Mother, is, refuling to

Gerbants Sing as to Gaver nours.

The three First Sins in Children, may be in Servants as also these that follow.

2 Unthriftiness and unfaithfulness in dealing with their Matters goods and affaires.

3 Stealing, privile defrauding of them, &c.

8 Hearing, reading, meditating, conferring, finging Divers Sins of Parents are found in Pfalms, and receiving the Sacrament, without preparition attention reverges delight, and profit

I Unadvised entertainment of Sinfull Servants.

2 Not using religious exercises with them: not admonifing nor correcting them, or doing it in an evill marmer: grieving more when they fail in their business, than when they are slack in Gods service.

3 Not recompensing their labours, by giving them a

reward when they are with them, and when they part from them.

4 Neglect of them in fickness: unjust stopping of their wages for that time.

5 Not relieving them (if they be able) in their 3e, who have spent their youth in their fervice.

Sins of the Wife as to the Pushand.

I Failing in reverence: which appeareth in froward looks, speeches, or behaviour.

2 Disobedience in the finallest matters.

Sins of the Dusband.

Not dwelling with his Wife.
Neglect of Editying her, by Instruction and Ex-

3 Denying her comfortable maintenance, and Im-

Sing common to them both.

Want of love.

2 Bewraying one anothers infirmities: Discovering each others Secrets.

3 Jealousie.

Contention

Sins of the People, as to Ministers.

Sing of Ministers.

r Slackness in Preaching.

3 Giving ill Example.

Sing of Subjects.

r Rebellion.

2 Refusing to pay dues.

Sins of Bagiffrates.

I Carelefness in establishing and promoting true

2 Of maintaining peace, and providing that Male-factors may be punished, and well-doers be encouraged.

Sins of Inferiozs in gift ox Age.

1 Not acknowledging, nor reverencing, nor imitating the Graces of their Superiors.
2 Despiting of the Aged.

Sins against the VI. Commandment.

Ash Anger, Envy, Hatred, Malice. Brawling, Reviling, Threatning, and provoking of others.

Fighting.
Cruelty in punishing, oppressing &c.

5 Murthering of our felves, or others, or confent thereto.

6 Immoderate worldly forrow : Neglect of Phyfick, of wholefom dyet and exercise, surfeiting and drunkenness; all which are enemies to the health and life of Man. 7 Cruelty to our own or others Souls.

Sins against the VII. Commandment.

Dultery Forn cation, Incest, Rape Sodomy: Printed by Ge rge Croon in Thanner-Breet, over against All wantonness, secret or open, alone, or his manual Solution 1935. All wantonness secret or open, alone, or with others.

3 Nocturnal pollutions luftful dreams &c.

4 Unholy Marriages in regard of Religion, Age, nearness of blood, want of Parents confent, &c.

5 Abuse of the Marriage antural separation, Lev.
Bed, not observing the time 18. 19. solemn humiliof

6 Nourishing of the causes and occasions of Wantonness, as impure Lusts, Surfetting, Drunkenness, Idleness, Iascivious Apparel, fociety with Iascivious persons, leud Books, Songs, or Speeches, wanton Looks, Picture 1988, 1989, 1

tures, Stage Playes, Dancing Balliance, &c. Wearing Apparel, contrary to our Sex.Unlawful Divorce.

Sins against the VIII. Commandment

Overonines, and all defire of our Neighbours goods, albeit through fear or thane we cannot get them.

2 Church robbing.
3 Robbing of our felves by wastfulness in Dyer,

Apparel, Guning, &c. by Illeness, unadvised Sure-tish, Niggardliness, &c.

4 Robbing of others, taking away the smallest things: First, by fraud: Secondly, uncharitable inclo-fure: Thirdly, dealing wrongfully with the goods of the deceased: Fourthly, deceit in buying and felling: Fifthly, with holding either things committed unto us, or things found, lent, earned, or otherwise due. or things found, lent, earned, or otherwise due.

5 Not making of restitution.
6 Counselling, or consenting to others in Thest.

Sing against the IX. Commandment.

I Alfe witness bearing in publick or private, or

And witness bearing in publick or private or take reports of Take bearers.

Take the third private in the world fence, hard judging interpreting things in the world fence. 4 Aggravating and discovering others infirmities,

without care of their credit, others edification; or our

5 Flattery.6 Lying, though in jeft, or to a good end. 7 Boafting 8 Injurous charging of our felves to be Hypocrites

in time of temptation. 9 Want of care of our own and others good name, that God might have more glory.

The breach of the X. Commandment.

Ultitudes of evil thoughts and motions against our Neighbours, and scarcity of such as are good.

. These Rules are framed (as you see) in reference to the Breach of each Commandement in the Decalogue, which by the Apoitle St. James, is called The Law of Liberty; not that it gives the leaft incouragement to, but frees us from the Bondage of Sin and Corruption as it is maniged in the hand of a Mediator; by which if we judge and condemn our felves, we shall not be Condemned with the world.

FINIS.

LONDON,